
Modelling Human Perception of Facial Expressions by Discrete Choice Models

Javier Cruz, Thomas Robin, Matteo Sorci,
Michel Bierlaire and Jean-Philippe Thiran



30th of August, 2007
Workshop on DCM



Outline

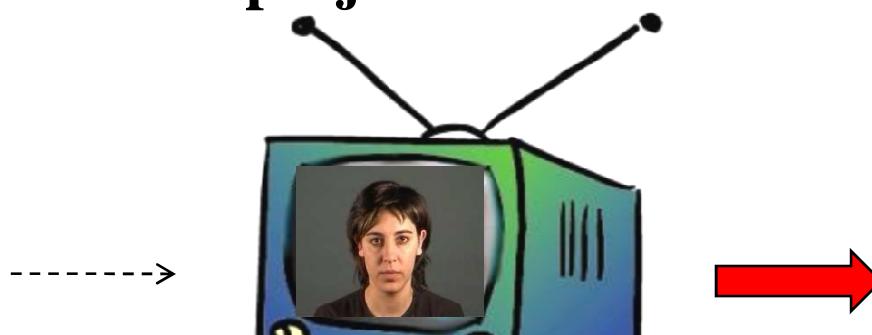
- **Introduction**
- **Classical Approach vs DCM Approach**
- **Framework**
- **Data description**
- **Model description**
- **Model Validation and problems**
- **Simulation results**
- **Conclusions and Future Work**

Introduction

Final objective of the project:



Expert



Video sequence



**Face expression
probabilities**

Some applications:

- Smart meeting rooms
- Driver's attention
- Human-Machine interfaces

Introduction

Current state:



Expert



Single image



**Face expression
probabilities**

Handling the Problem: Classical Approach



Expert



Image or Video

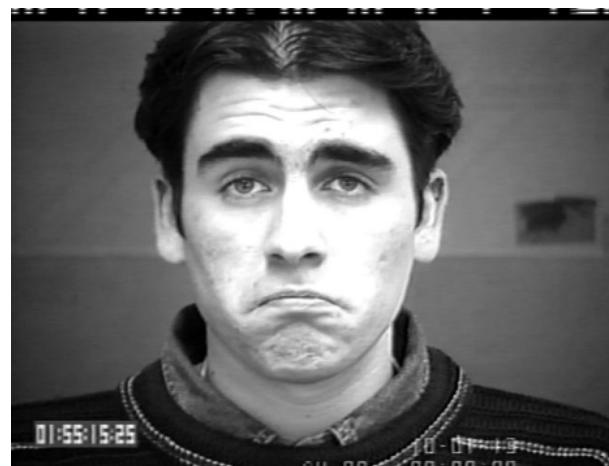
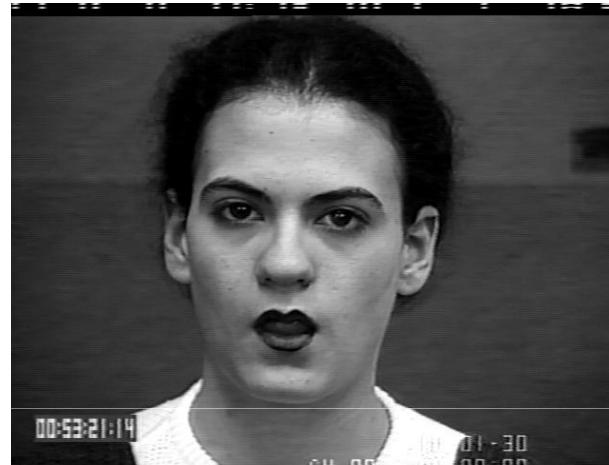
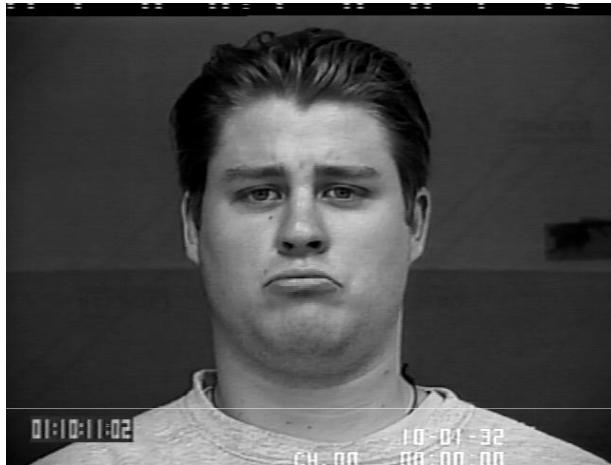


1 Expression

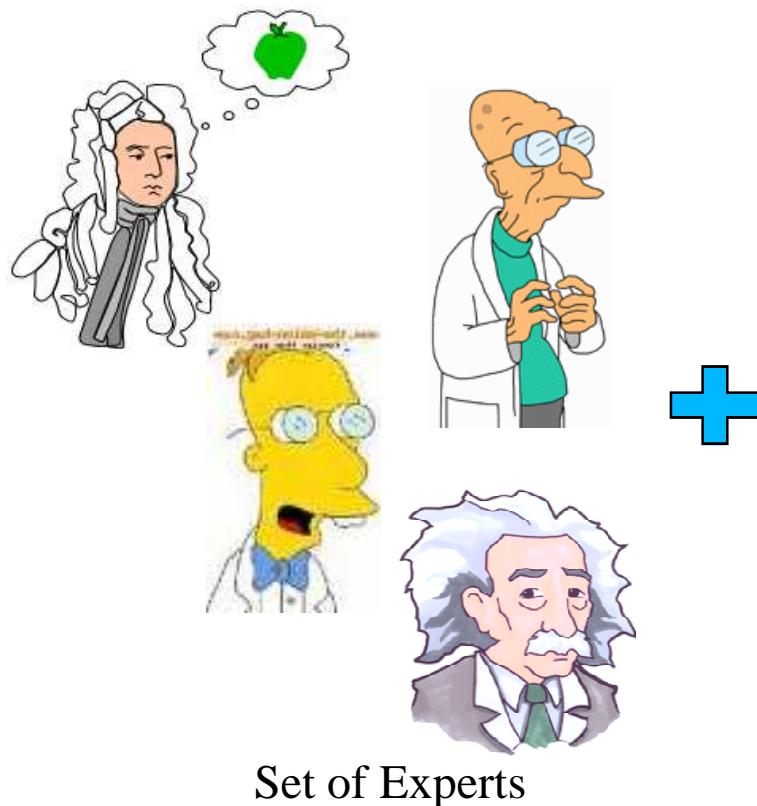
1 Label
(Ground Truth)

Number of Images or Videos = Number of Labels

Handling the Problem: Classical Approach??



Handling the Problem: DCM Approach



1 Image



Probability
distribution over
emotions

Set of Labels

Number of Images or Videos < Number of Labels

Modelling Facial Expressions by DCM

Set of Pictures

Numerical
Features

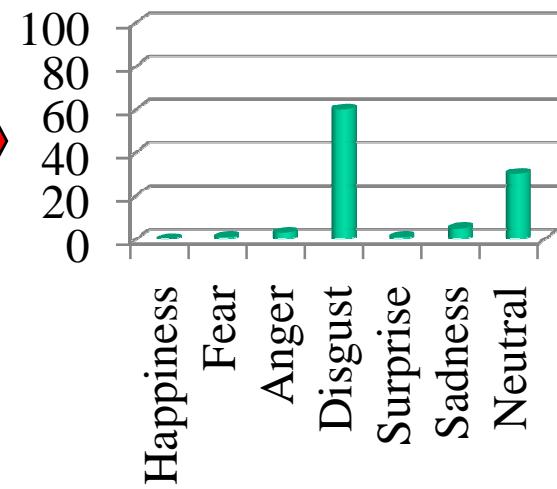
AAM

Survey

DCM

Labels

Probability



Modelling Facial Expressions by DCM

Set of Pictures

Numerical
Features

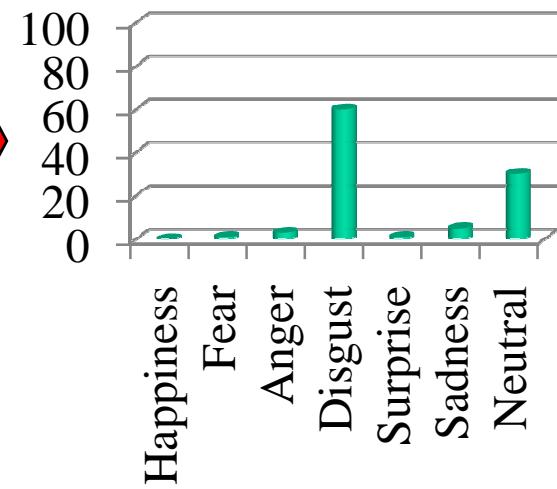
AAM

Survey

DCM

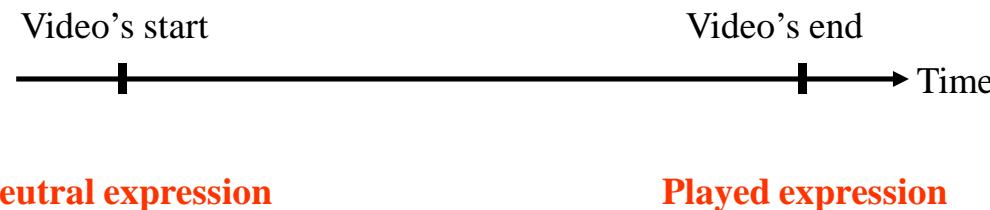
Labels

Probability



Data: Images

- A portion of the Cohn – Kanade Database
 - 1272 images (frames) from 11 subjects
 - From neutral to expression



Data: Images



Modelling Facial Expressions by DCM

Set of Pictures

Numerical
Features

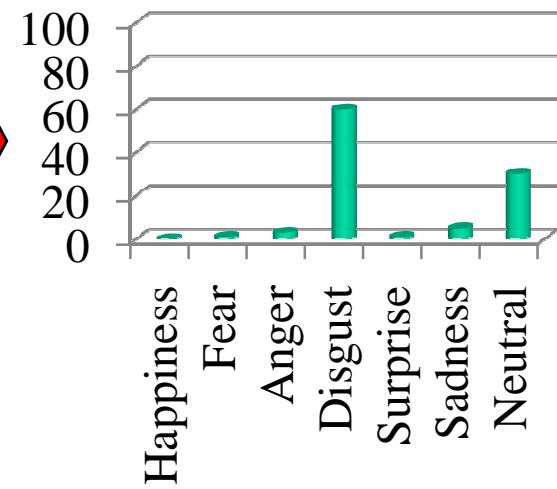
AAM

Survey

DCM

Labels

Probability



Data: Labels (Facial Expressions Evaluation Survey)



- Developed by Matteo Sorci at LTS
- Expression labelling is a subjective task
- We are collecting data on-line in order to include socioeconomic information in the labelling procedure
- Up to now we have around 1720 participants and >39000 labelled images

Data: Labels (Facial Expressions Evaluation Survey)

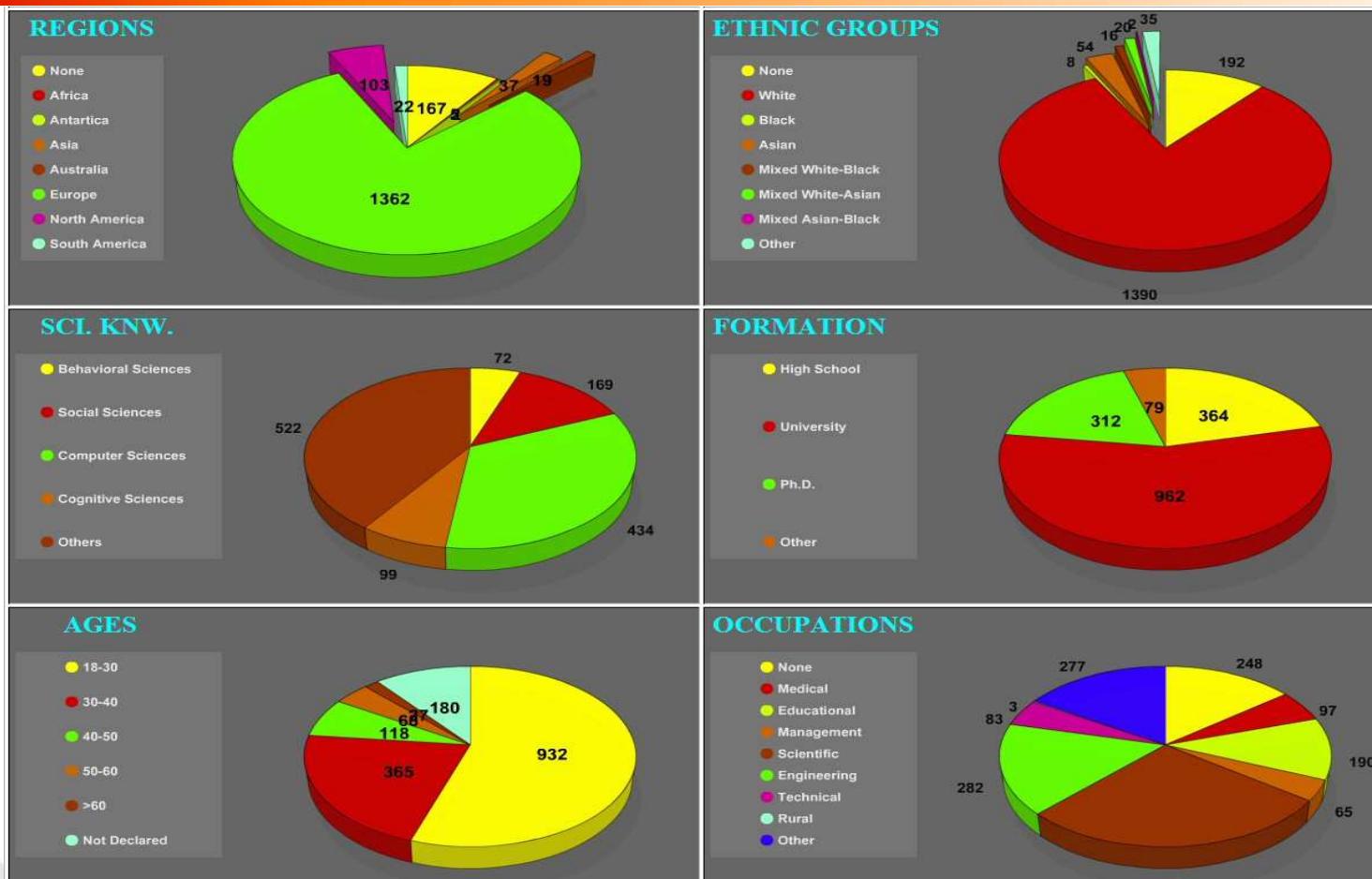
Create a new user

Birth Year :	0000
Gender :	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female
Language :	English
Studies :	High School
Science Knowledge :	None
Ethnic group :	None
Current location :	None
Occupational category :	None
Username :	
Password :	
Password Confirmation :	
<input type="button" value="Ok"/>	

Data: Labels (Facial Expressions Evaluation Survey)

<http://lts5www.epfl.ch/face>

Data: Labels (Facial Expressions Evaluation Survey)



Modelling Facial Expressions by DCM

Set of Pictures

Numerical
Features

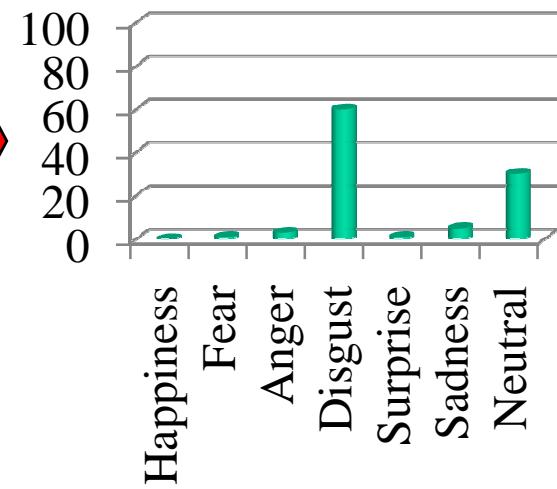
AAM

Survey

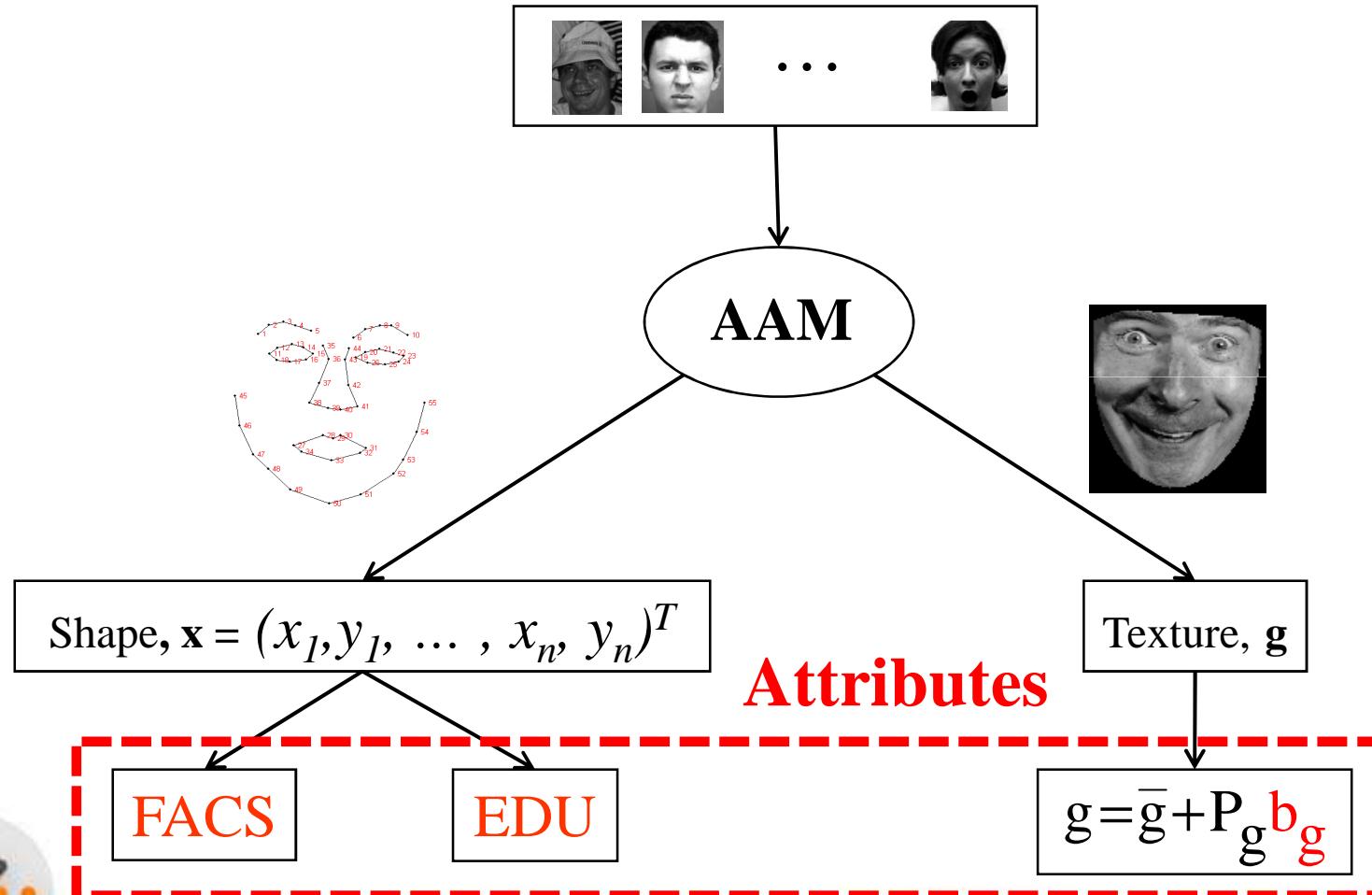
DCM

Labels

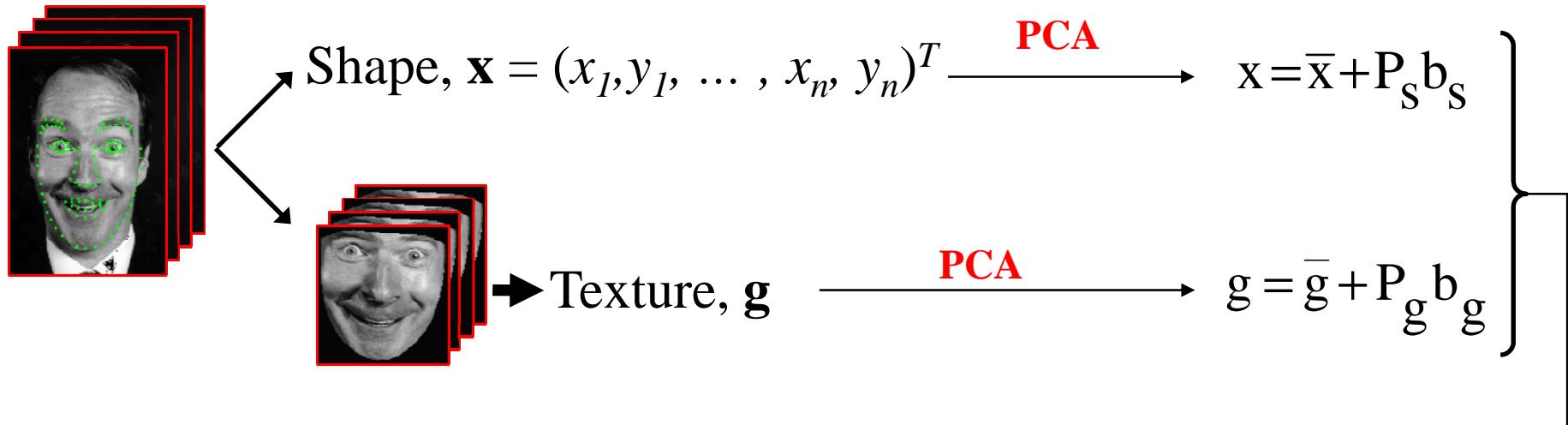
Probability



Data: Active Appearance Model



Data: Active Appearance Model



$$\rightarrow \mathbf{b}_c = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{W}_s \mathbf{b}_s \\ \mathbf{b}_g \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{PCA}} \mathbf{b}_c = \mathbf{P}_c \mathbf{c} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \mathbf{x} = \bar{\mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{Q}_s \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{g} = \bar{\mathbf{g}} + \mathbf{Q}_g \mathbf{c} \end{cases}$$

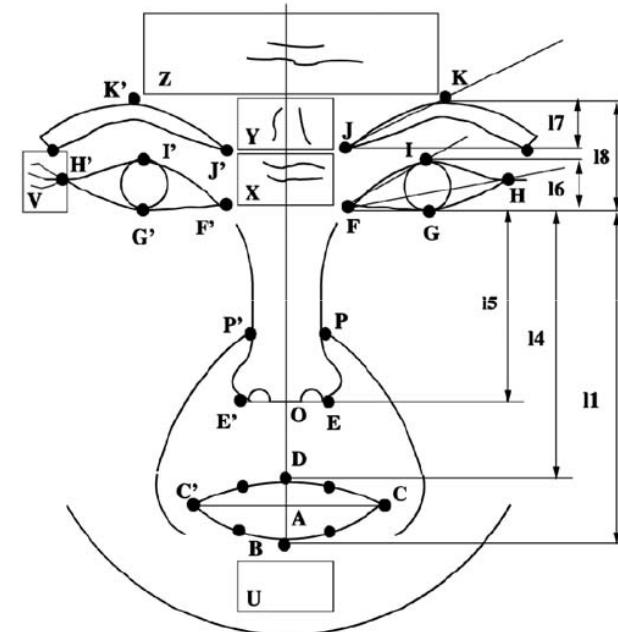
Varying \mathbf{c} changes both, shape
and texture

AAM Example



AAM Output: FACS

- In 1978 Ekman and Friesen developed the Facial Action Coding System
- Measurement units: “Action Units” (AUs)
 - AUs are contractions or relaxations of one or more muscles
 - 46 AUs account for changes in facial expression
 - 12 AUs describe changes in gaze direction and head orientation



The FACS has become the leading standard for measuring facial expressions

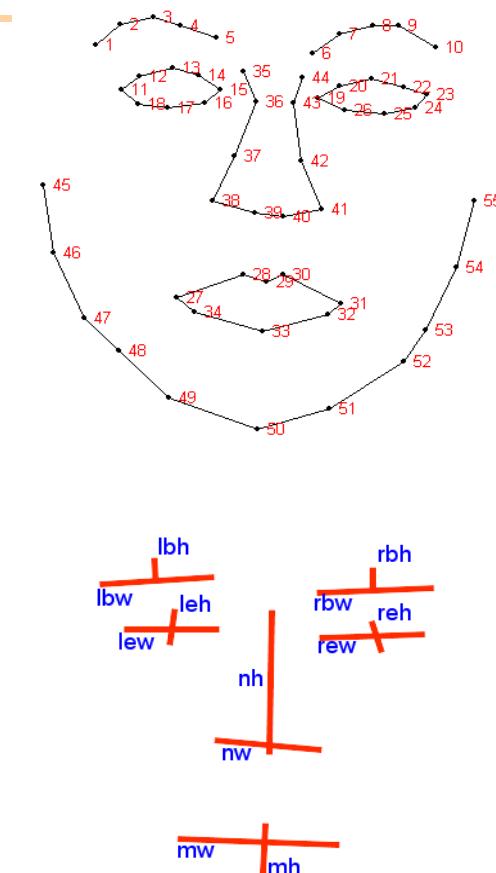
AAM Output: FACS

Emotional Category	Primary Visual Cues					Auxiliary Visual Cues				
	AU	AU	AU	AU	AU	AU	AU	AU	AU	Transient Feature(s)
Happiness	6	12				25	26	16		wrinkles on outer eye canthi presence of nasolabial furrow
Sadness	1	15	17			4	7	25	26	
Disgust	9	10				17	25	26		presence of nasolabial furrow
Surprise	5	26	27	1+2						furrows on the forehead
Anger	2	4	7	23	24	17	25	26	16	vertical furrows between brows
Fear	20	1+5	5+7			4	5	7	25	26

AAM Output: EDU

- Introduced by Antonini, Sorci, Bierlaire and Thiran in « Discrete Choice Models for Static Facial Expression Recognition »

EDU1	$\frac{lew+rew}{leh+reh}$	EDU8	$\frac{leh+reh}{lbh+rbh}$
EDU2	$\frac{lbw}{lbh}$	EDU9	$\frac{lew}{nw}$
EDU3	$\frac{rbw}{rbh}$	EDU10	$\frac{nw}{mw}$
EDU4	$\frac{mw}{mh}$	EDU11	EDU2 / EDU4
EDU5	$\frac{nh}{nw}$	EDU12	EDU3 / EDU4
EDU6	$\frac{lew}{mw}$	EDU13	EDU2 / EDU10
EDU7	$\frac{leh}{mh}$	EDU14	EDU3 / EDU10



AAM Output: Texture Parameters



$$\text{AAM} \longrightarrow g = \bar{g} + P_g b_g$$

Modelling Facial Expressions by DCM

Set of Pictures

Numerical
Features

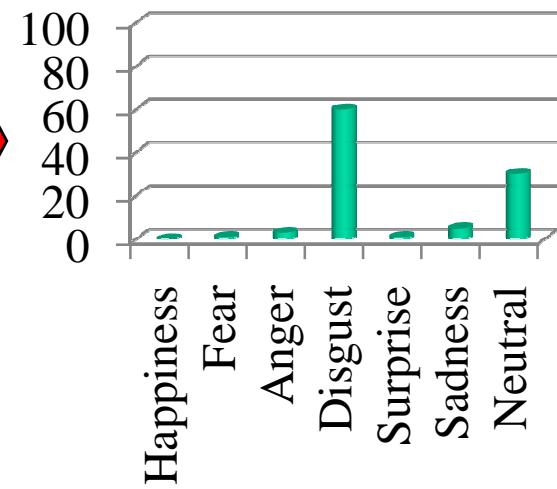
AAM

Survey

DCM

Labels

Probability



DCM: Estimation

- Multinomial Logit
- 9 Alternatives:
 1. Happiness
 2. Surprise
 3. Fear
 4. Disgust
 5. Sadness
 6. Anger
 7. Neutral
 8. Other
 9. I don't know
- Estimation by likelihood maximization

<http://biogeme.epfl.ch/>

DCM: Estimation

$$V_j = ASC_j + \sum_{k=1}^{K_1} I_{kj} \beta_{kj}^{FACS} AU_k + \sum_{h=1}^{K_2} I_{hj} \beta_{hj}^{EDU} EDU_h + \sum_{l=1}^{K_3} I_{lj} \beta_{lj}^{b_g} b_{g\,lj}$$

Model 1

Model 2

Model 3

- Model 1: “FACS” (Primary AU + Secondary AU + Transient Features)
 - 93 parameters , **LL = - 57121**
- Model 2: “FACS + EDU”
 - 120 parameters , **LL = - 55027**
- Model 3: “FACS + EDU + TEXTURE COEFFICIENTS”
 - 145 parameters , **LL = - 54657**

DCM: Model Parameters

ASC

Name	Value
ASC_A	-2.81
ASC_D	0.307
ASC_DK	-2.29
ASC_F	-1.91
ASC_H	23.5
ASC_N	0
ASC_O	-4.94
ASC_SA	-15.7
ASC_SU	1.12
BETA_T1_O	-10.4
BETA_T1_SA	5.63
BETA_T2_A	14.3
BETA_T2_D	9.34
BETA_T2_F	15.5
BETA_T2_H	22.8
BETA_T2_O	-5.66
BETA_T2_SA	12.5
BETA_T2_SU	15.2
BETA_T3_A	42.2
BETA_T3_H	38.4
BETA_T3_O	-8.5
BETA_T3_SU	7.77
BETA_T4_A	-24.6
BETA_T4_D	32.3
BETA_T4_F	55.3
BETA_T4_H	32.6
BETA_T4_O	22.9
BETA_T4_SA	26.7
BETA_T4_SU	27
BETA_T5_A	-13.3
BETA_T5_D	-15.2
BETA_T5_F	-29.6
BETA_T5_H	-67.3

Texture



TRANSP-OR

EDU

b_EDU_10_O	15.5
b_EDU_10_SA	15.5
b_EDU_10_SU	-3.63
b_EDU_5_D_F	-1.94
b_EDU_5_H	2.69
b_EDU_5_SA	-1.3
b_EDU_6_D	-20
b_EDU_6_H	-16.3
b_EDU_6_O	-25.9
b_EDU_6_SA	-26.1
b_EDU_7_A_F	2.42
b_EDU_7_D	1.51
b_EDU_7_H	2.82
b_EDU_7_O	2.18
b_EDU_7_SA	2.23
b_EDU_8_A_F	-1.95
b_EDU_8_D	-4.02
b_EDU_8_H	-6.72
b_EDU_8_O	0.76
b_EDU_8_SA	8.5
b_EDU_8_SU	-5.76
b_EDU_9_D	12.5
b_EDU_9_F	-2.46
b_EDU_9_H	-5.22
b_EDU_9_O	11.8
b_EDU_9_SA	15.3
b_RAP_brow_A_SU	-5.34
b_RAP_brow_D	-9.29
b_RAP_brow_F	-11.1
b_RAP_brow_SA	13
b_RAP_eye_A	-3.84
b_RAP_eye_F	9.81
b_RAP_eye_H	-18.6

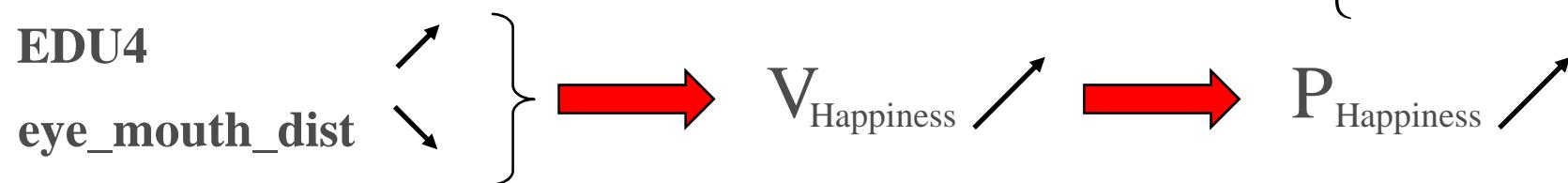
FACS

b_RAP_eye_O	-8.79
b_RAP_eye_SA	-15
b_RAP_eye_SU	2.16
b_RAP_mouth_A	-11.2
b_RAP_mouth_F	9.16
b_RAP_mouth_H	7.4
b_RAP_mouth_O	4.23
b_RAP_mouth_SA	-5.16
b_RAP_mouth_SU	8.19
b_brow_dist_A	-19.9
b_brow_dist_F	-15.7
b_brow_dist_SA	-50.7
b_broweye_12_A	-16.9
b_broweye_12_O	36.6
b_broweye_12_SA	-16.1
b_broweye_12_SU	35.1
b_broweye_13_A	-21.5
b_broweye_12_r_A	-90.9
b_broweye_12_r_D	-52.6
b_broweye_12_r_SA	-98.7
b_browwr_D	11.6
b_browwr_O	4.38
b_eye_angle_below_r_F	2.3
b_eye_angle_l_A	1.32
b_eye_angle_l_F	4.85
b_eye_angle_l_SA	2.09
b_eye_angle_r_A	1.74
b_eye_angle_r_F	-3.25
b_eye_angle_r_SA	-1.46
b_eye_brow_angle_l_F	3.77
b_eye_brow_angle_l_O	-4.18
b_eye_brow_angle_r_F	-2.02
b_eye_brow_angle_r_O	-0.728
b_eye_brow_angle_r_SA	8.65
b_eye_brow_angle_r_SU	-2.92
b_eye_mouth_dist_l2_D	-16.3
b_eye_mouth_dist_l_F	55.9
b_eye_mouth_dist_l_H	-57.7
b_eye_mouth_dist_l_SA	24.5
b_eye_mouth_dist_r2_D	34.8
b_eye_mouth_dist_r2_O	-4.88

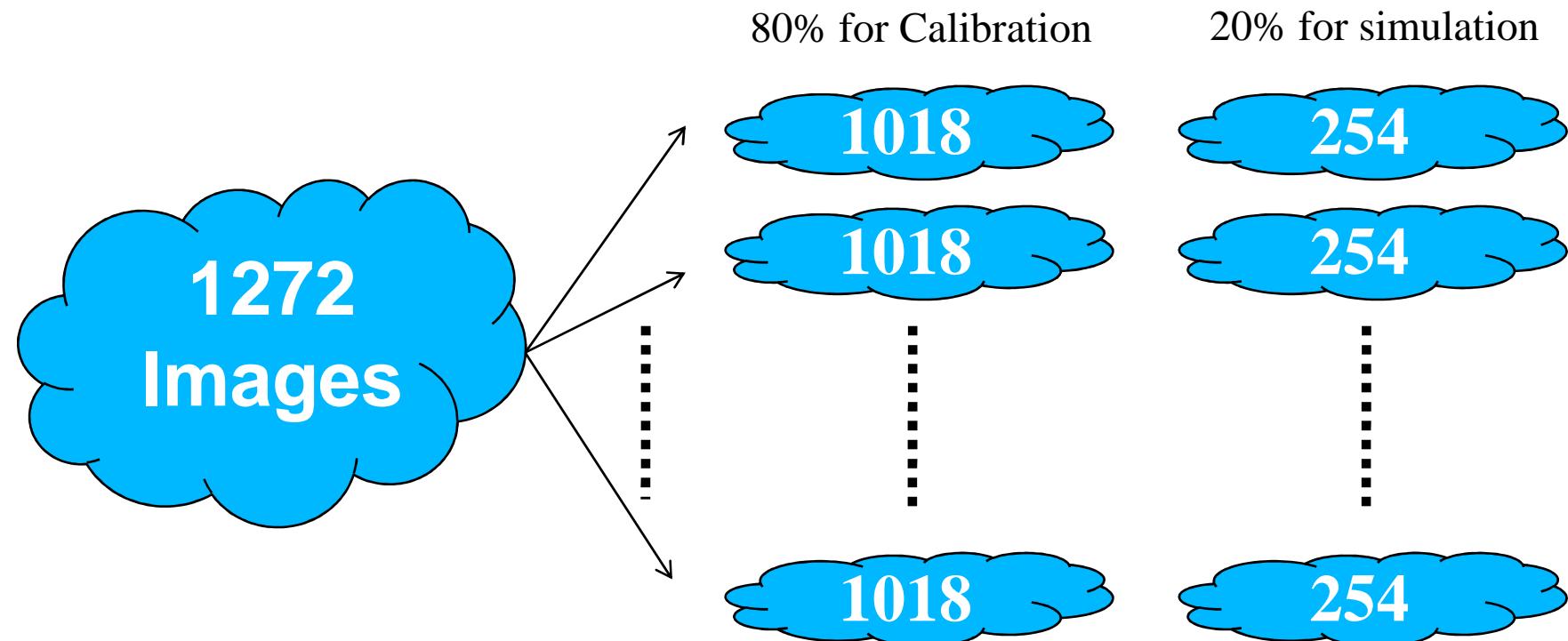
b_eye_mouth_dist_r_F	-38.8
b_eye_mouth_dist_r_H	-66.7
b_eye_mouth_dist_r_SA	27.5
b_eye_nose_dist_l_A	83.1
b_eye_nose_dist_l_D	89.2
b_eye_nose_dist_l_F	39.2
b_eye_nose_dist_l_O	77.4
b_eye_nose_dist_l_SA	93.8
b_eye_nose_dist_r_A	-44.5
b_eye_nose_dist_r_D	-129
b_eye_nose_dist_r_F	-63.7
b_eye_nose_dist_r_O	-74.5
b_eye_nose_dist_r_SA	-106
b_fore_F	0.683
b_fore_O	0.126
b_fore_SU	0.525
b_leye_h_F	-123
b_leye_h_H	130
b_leye_h_SU	-30.5
b_mouth_h_A	96.2
b_mouth_h_D	23.9
b_mouth_h_SA	59.3
b_mouth_nose_dist2_A	5.13
b_mouth_nose_dist2_SA	-20.2
b_mouth_nose_dist_D	-14
b_mouth_nose_dist_H	50.1
b_mouth_w_F	23.5
b_mouth_w_H	36.8
b_mouth_w_SA	-40
b_naslab_D	0.565
b_naswr_D	16.6
b_naswr_O	5.62
b_reye_h_H	183
b_reye_h_SU	45

DCM: Model Parameters

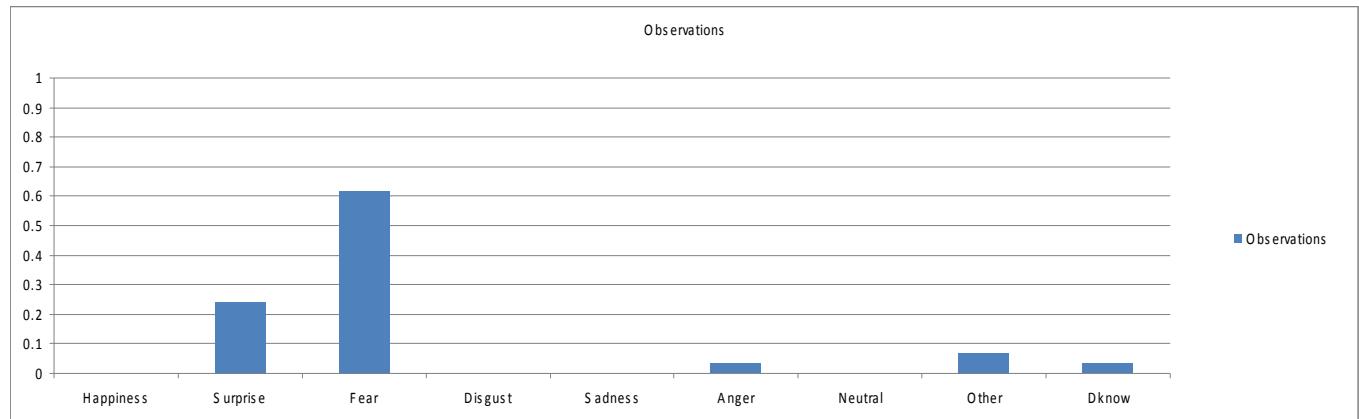
- Parameters of the HAPPINESS's utility
- $$\begin{cases} \beta_{EDU4} = +7.4 \\ \beta_{FACS(eye_mouth_dist)} = \begin{cases} -57.7 \\ -66.7 \end{cases} \end{cases}$$



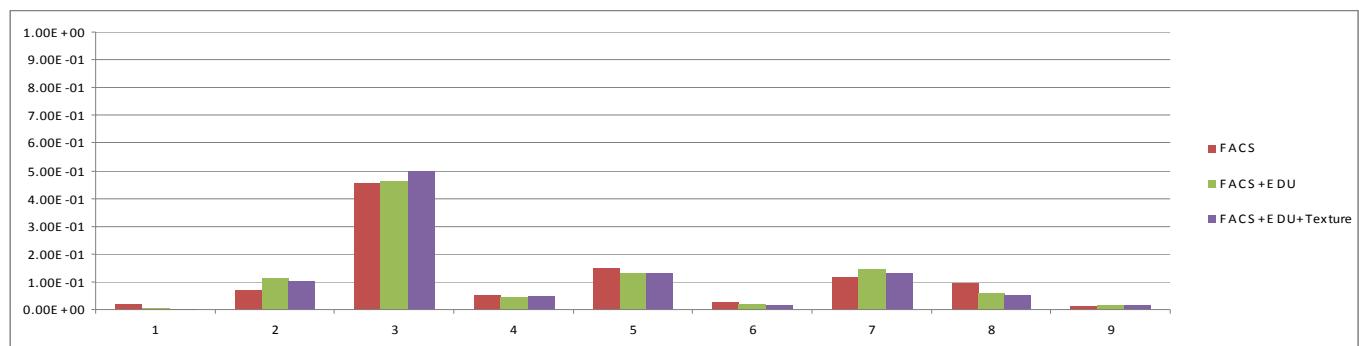
DCM: Validation



DCM: Validation



χ^2 -Test



DCM: Validation

Model	Inst.	Inst 1	Inst 2	Inst 3	Inst 4	Inst 5	Average
FACS		28.2%	31.3%	30.9%	30.6%	30.9%	30.38%
+ EDU		20.4%	26.3%	23.1%	25.5%	23.1%	23.68%
+ Texture		21.6%	26.3%	23.1%	23.1%	22%	23.22%

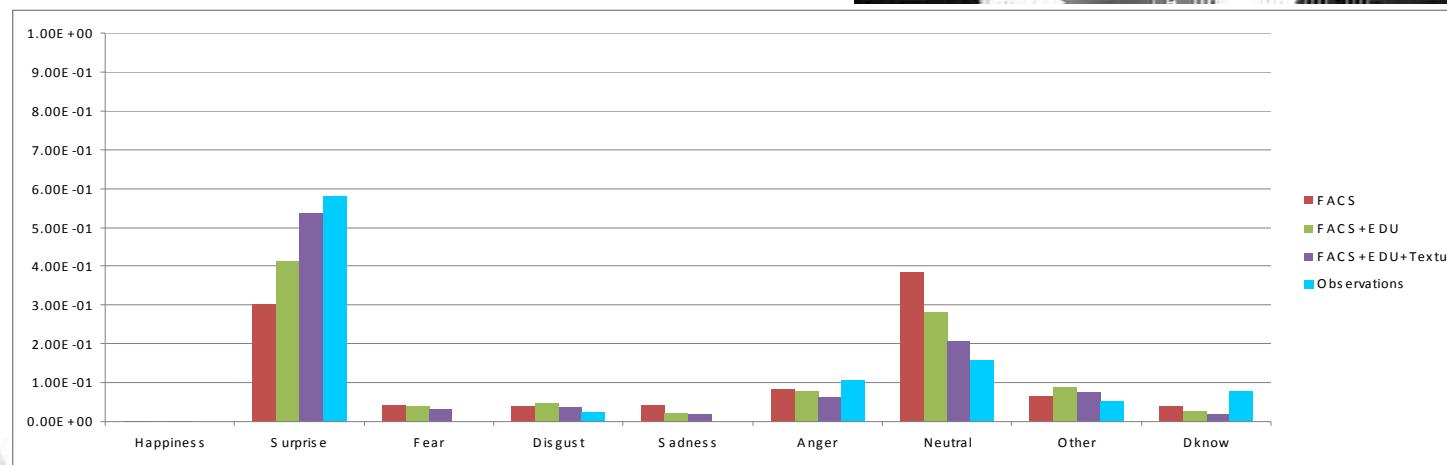
DCM: Validation ...

Houston, we have a problem!

- Cochran's Rule NOT satisfied
- Even worse with segmentation
- Other tests or measures must be studied
 - Kolmogorov-Smirnov Discrete Test
 - KL-Divergence
 - ...

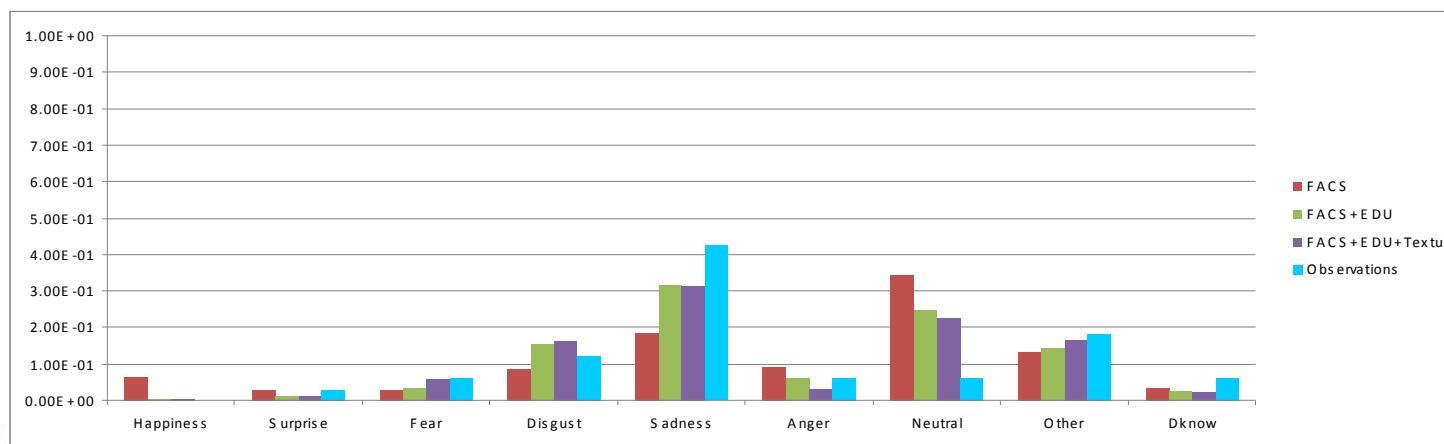
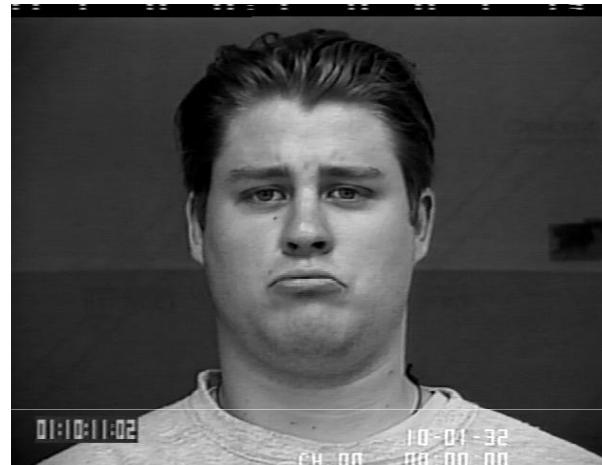
DCM: Simulation

38 observations



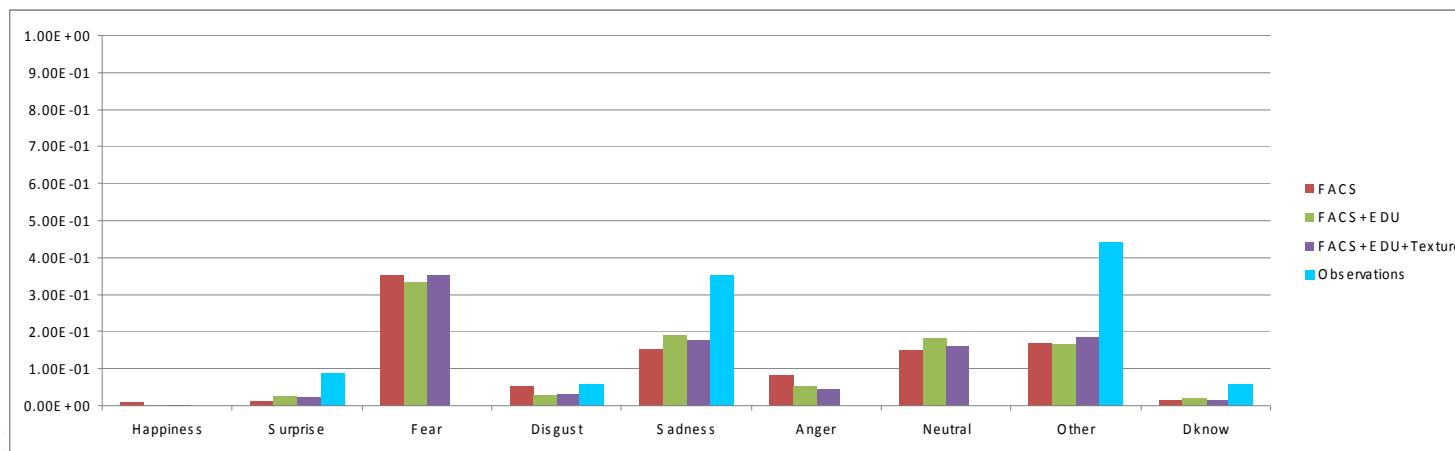
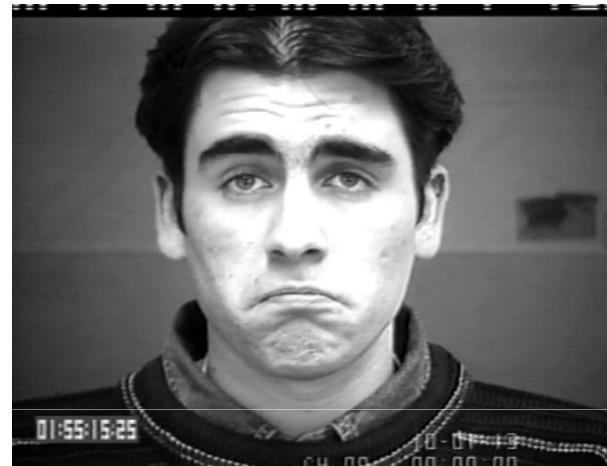
DCM: Simulation

33 observations



DCM: Simulation

34 observations



Conclusions and Future Work

Conclusions

- New approach
- No ground truth hypothesis
- Promising preliminary results

Future Work

- Appropriate discrete test for prob. distributions
- Segmentation
- Other model structures
- Dynamic version